UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D. C. 20549
$\qquad$
FORM 10-Q

Mark One

## |X| QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES

 EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934For the Quarterly Period ended June 30, 1999
OR
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$
Commission File Number 0-24249
PROFESSIONAL DETAILING, INC.
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

| Delaware | $22-2919486$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $----------------------------------------------\quad$ (State or other jurisdiction of | (I.R.S. Employer |
| incorporation or organization) | Identification No.) |

```
            1 0 \text { Mountainview Road}
        Upper Saddle River, New Jersey 07458
    (Address of principal executive offices)
        (201) 258-8450
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
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Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

$$
\text { Yes }|\mathrm{X}| \quad \text { No }\left|\_\right|
$$

As of August 9, 1999 the Registrant had a total of 11,962,161 shares of Common Stock, $\$ .01$ par value, outstanding.

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## </TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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## PROFESSIONAL DETAILING, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)



Pro forma diluted weighted average
$\qquad$

## </TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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## PROFESSIONAL DETAILING, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

PROFESSIONAL DETAILING, INC. NOTES TO INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of Professional Detailing, Inc. (the "Company" or "PDI") and related notes as included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 (the "Annual Report") as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The unaudited interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial reporting and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The unaudited interim financial statements include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which, in the judgement of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of such financial statements. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 1999 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 1999.

## 2. Initial Public Offering of Common Stock

On May 19, 1998, the Company completed its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 3,220,000 shares of Common Stock (including 420,000 shares in connection with the exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option) at a price per share of $\$ 16.00$. Net proceeds to the Company after expenses of the IPO were approximately $\$ 46.5$ million. As disclosed in the IPO Prospectus, the Company made a distribution of $\$ 5.8$ million to the S Corporation shareholders, representing shareholders' equity of the Company as of March 31, 1998 plus the earnings of the Company from April 1, 1998 to May 18, 1998.
3. Acquisition of TVG, Inc.

On May 12, 1999, the Company and TVG, Inc. ("TVG") signed a definitive agreement pursuant to which the Company acquired $100 \%$ of the capital stock of TVG in a merger transaction. In connection with the transaction, the Company issued $1,256,882$ shares of its Common Stock in exchange for the outstanding shares of TVG. The acquisition has been accounted for as a pooling of interests and, accordingly, all prior periods presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been restated to include the accounts and operations of TVG.

TVG is a provider marketing research and marketing consulting services as well as medical education and communication services to the pharmaceutical industry.

The Company recorded $\$ 1,334,847$ in nonrecurring acquisition and related expenses during the three months ended June 30, 1999. These costs consist primarily of investment
banking, legal and accounting fees. As an S Corporation, TVG declared \$670,000 in distributions to its S Corporation shareholders, $\$ 280,000$ of which has been paid as of June 30, 1999.

Net sales and net income of the separate companies for the periods preceding the acquisition were:

|  | Net Net <br> Sales Inco | Net Income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three months ended March 31, 1999: |  |  |
| PDI | \$36,013,617 | \$ 2,696,097 |
| TVG | 5,730,771 | 625,482 |
| Combined | \$41,744,388 | \$ 3,321,579 |

$\left.\begin{array}{lrc}\text { PDI } & \$ 23,450,219 & \$ 4,980,442 \\ \text { TVG } & 4,082,351 & (436,511)\end{array}\right]$

## 4. Pro Forma Information

Prior to its IPO in May of 1998, PDI was an S Corporation and not subject to Federal income tax. Prior to its acquisition by PDI in May of 1999, TVG was an S Corporation and not subject to Federal income tax. During such periods the net income of the Company had been reported by and taxed directly to the pre-IPO shareholders (in the case of PDI) and to the pre-acquisition shareholders (in the case of TVG), rather than the Company. Accordingly, for informational purposes, the accompanying statements of income for the three and six months ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 include a pro forma adjustment for the income taxes which would have been recorded if the Company had been a C Corporation for the periods presented based on the tax laws in effect during the respective periods. The pro forma adjustment for income taxes is based upon the statutory rates in effect for C Corporations during the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 and does not include the one-time tax provisions related to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities recorded upon termination of PDI's S Corporation status in May of 1998 and termination of TVG's S Corporation status in May of 1999. The pro forma adjustment for income taxes for the three and six months ended June 30, 1999 also reflects the non-deductibility of certain acquisition related costs.

## 5. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board released in June 1998, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." This statement is effective for all fiscal quarters of all fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. This statement addresses the accounting for derivative instruments including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts and for hedging activities. As the Company does not enter into transactions involving derivative instruments, the Company does not believe that the adoption of this new statement will have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

## 6. Basic and Diluted Net Income Per Share

Basic and diluted net income per share was calculated based on the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings Per Share."

A reconciliation of the number of shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 is as follows:

</TABLE>
7. Investments

The Company has investments of $\$ 1.5$ million which are classified as
available-for-sale securities which are recorded at fair market value. The
unrealized after tax gain at June 30, 1999 of $\$ 99,325$ was included as a separate component of stockholders' equity as accumulated other comprehensive income.
8. Comprehensive Income
$<$ TABLE>
<CAPTION>

</TABLE>
9. Segment Information

As a result of the Company's acquisition of TVG, PDI is now subject to certain provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard \# 131, Financial Reporting for Segments of a Business Enterprise.

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PDI is organized primarily on the basis of its three principal service offerings which include customized contract sales services, marketing research and marketing consulting services and medical education and communication services. Marketing research and marketing consulting services and medical education and communication services have been combined to form the "All other" category.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" footnote to the Company's financial statements which are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. Segment data includes a charge allocating all corporate headquarters costs to each of the operating segments. PDI evaluates the performance of its segments and allocates resources to them based on earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT). The Company does not utilize information about assets for its operating segments and, accordingly, no asset information is presented in the table below.

<TABLE>
\(<\) CAPTION \(>\)


EBIT
Contract sales services \(\quad \$ 3,108,628 \quad \$ 1,229,714 \quad \$ 6,825,904 \quad \$ 6,158,139\)
All other \(\quad 990,834 \quad 369,982 \quad 1,527,120 \quad(121,792)\)
Total \$ 4,099,462 \$ 1,599,696 \$ 8,353,024 \$ 6,036,347

securing new business from leading pharmaceutical companies and by renewing and expanding programs with existing clients. PDI is engaged by its clients to design and implement customized product detailing programs for both prescription and OTC pharmaceutical products, and believes that it is one of the largest CSOs operating in the United States measured both by revenue and number of sales representatives used in programs.

The Company completed an initial public offering of 2,800,000 shares of its common stock at \(\$ 16.00\) per share on May 19, 1998. Additionally, 420,000 shares of common stock were purchased from the Company at \(\$ 16.00\) per share by the underwriters upon exercise of an over-allotment option. The net proceeds to the Company, after deducting underwriting discounts and expenses, were approximately \(\$ 46.5\) million.

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On May 12, 1999, the Company and TVG signed a definitive agreement pursuant to which the Company acquired \(100 \%\) of the capital stock of TVG in a merger transaction. In connection with the transaction, the Company issued \(1,256,882\) shares of its common stock in exchange for the outstanding shares of TVG. The acquisition has been accounted for as a pooling of interests and, accordingly, all prior periods presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been restated to include the accounts and operations of TVG. The acquisition of TVG expands the scope of high quality services that PDI provides to the pharmaceutical industry. TVG's client base includes 18 of the top 20 pharmaceutical companies. Through its Marketing Research and Consulting Division, TVG provides brand marketing strategy, product profiling, positioning, and message development services. Projects run across the full range of product lifecycles, with an emphasis on the critical pre-launch planning phase. Through its Education/Communications Division, TVG provides a broad spectrum of promotional and educational communications programs, including dinner meetings, symposia, teleconferences and on-site hospital programs.

Prior to its IPO, the Company was an S Corporation for Federal income tax purposes. Until its acquisition by PDI on May 12, 1999, TVG was an S Corporation and not subject to Federal income tax. Accordingly, during such periods the net income of the Company had been reported by and taxed directly to the pre-IPO shareholders (in the case of PDI) and to the pre-acquisition shareholders (in the case of TVG), rather than the Company. Accordingly, had TVG been a C Corporation for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 1999 utilizing an effective tax rate of \(40 \%\), net income and diluted net income per share excluding transaction costs would have been \(\$ 2.9\) million and \(\$ 0.24\) and \(\$ 5.9\) million and \(\$ 0.49\), respectively.

\section*{RESULTS OF OPERATIONS}

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated, certain statements of operations data as a percentage of revenue. The trends illustrated in this table may not be indicative of future results.


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Quarter Ended June 30, 1999 Compared to Quarter Ended Ju ne 30, 1998
Revenue. Revenue for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 was \(\$ 43.8\) million, an increase of approximately \(61.4 \%\) over revenue of \(\$ 27.1\) million for the quarter ended June 30, 1998. The increase in revenue for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 was generated primarily from an expansion of the Company's client base and the continued renewal and expansion of contracts from existing clients.

Program expenses. Program expenses for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 were \(\$ 32.3\) million, an increase \(65.7 \%\) over program expenses of \(\$ 19.5\) million for the quarter ended June 30, 1998. As a percentage of revenue, program expenses increased to \(73.7 \%\) in the second quarter of 1999 from \(71.8 \%\) in the second quarter of 1998. This increase was primarily attributable to higher than anticipated initial costs in connection with certain new service offerings by TVG.

Compensation expense. Compensation expense for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 was \(\$ 5.4\) million compared to \(\$ 4.7\) million for the quarter ended June 30 , 1998. As a percentage of revenue, compensation expense decreased to \(12.4 \%\) in the second quarter of 1999 from \(17.2 \%\) in the comparable 1998 period. This percentage decrease reflects the continued general, selling and administrative expense leverage that the Company has realized through its expansion. The Company will continue to invest in the staffing and related resources needed to manage future growth.

Other general, selling and administrative expenses. Other general, selling and administrative expenses for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 were \(\$ 2.0\) million, compared to \(\$ 1.4\) million for the quarter ended June 30, 1998. As a percentage of revenue, other general, selling and administrative expenses decreased to \(4.5 \%\) in the second quarter of 1999 from \(5.1 \%\) in the comparable 1998 period. This percentage decline reflects the spreading of other general, selling and administrative expenses over a larger base of revenue.

Acquisition and related costs. In the quarter ended June 30, 1999, the Company incurred \(\$ 1.3\) million of non-recurring acquisition and related expenses in connection with the TVG merger in May 1999. No such expenses were incurred in the comparable 1998 period. As a percentage of revenue, acquisition and related costs were \(3.1 \%\) in the quarter ended June 30, 1999.

Operating income. Operating income for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 was \(\$ 2.8\) million compared to operating income of \(\$ 1.6\) million for the quarter ended June 30, 1998. As a percentage of revenue, operating income increased to \(6.3 \%\) for the second quarter of 1999 from \(5.9 \%\) in the comparable 1998 period Excluding acquisition costs, operating income for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 was \(\$ 4.1\) million or \(9.4 \%\) of revenue.

Other income, net. Other income consists primarily of income earned on the Company's cash and cash equivalents. Other income for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 was \(\$ 802,130\) compared to other income of \(\$ 495,717\) for the quarter ended June 30, 1998. The increase is primarily due to the investment of the net proceeds of the IPO in May 1998, which have been available for all of the second quarter of 1999.

Income tax provision. Income taxes of \(\$ 1.5\) million for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 consisted of PDI's Federal and state corporate income taxes for the full quarter ended June 30, 1999 and Federal and state corporate income taxes on the portion of TVG's taxable income arising after termination of its S Corporation status net of a tax benefit related to the recognition of the net
portion of the Company's taxable income arising after the termination of the S Corporation status, a provision for New Jersey state corporate tax of approximately \(2 \%\) on the Corporation's earnings during the period in which it qualified as an S Corporation, and a tax provision related to the recognition of the net deferred tax liability recorded by the Company upon terminating its S Corporation status. The Company expects its effective tax rate to approximate \(40 \%\) in future periods.

Pro forma net income. Pro forma net income for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 was \(\$ 1.6\) million compared to a pro forma net income of \(\$ 1.3\) million for the quarter ended June 30, 1998. Pro forma net income for both periods assumes the Company was taxed for Federal and state corporate income tax purposes as a C Corporation. The pro forma effective tax rate for the quarter ended June 30, 1999 was approximately \(55.0 \%\) due to of the impact of \(\$ 1.3\) million of non-deductible non-recurring expenses related to the TVG acquisition. Net income and diluted net income per share excluding transaction costs were \(\$ 2.9\) million and \(\$ 0.24\) respectively, for the quarter ended June 30, 1999.

Six Months Ended June 30, 1999 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 1998
Revenue. Revenue for the six months ended June 30, 1999 was \(\$ 85.5\) million, an increase of approximately \(56.5 \%\) over revenue of \(\$ 54.7\) million for the six months ended June 30, 1998. The increase in revenue for the six months ended June 30, 1999 was generated primarily from an expansion of the Company's client base and the continued renewal and expansion of contracts from existing clients.

Program expenses. Program expenses for the six months ended June 30, 1999 were \(\$ 62.2\) million, an increase of \(69.2 \%\) over program expenses of \(\$ 36.7\) million for the six months ended June 30, 1998. As a percentage of revenue, program expenses increased to \(72.7 \%\) in the first half of 1999 from \(67.2 \%\) in the first half of 1998. Program expenses for the first half of 1999 were in line with projections. Program expenses for the first half of 1998 benefited from the fact that certain costs associated with the initiation of programs scheduled to begin in the first half of 1998 were expensed as incurred in the fourth quarter of 1997.

Compensation expense. Compensation expense for the six months ended June 30 , 1999 was \(\$ 11.2\) million compared to \(\$ 9.3\) million for the six months ended June 30, 1998. As a percentage of revenue, compensation expense decreased to \(13.1 \%\) in the first six months of 1999 from \(17.1 \%\) in the comparable 1998 period. This percentage decrease reflects the continued general, selling and administrative expense leverage that the Company has realized through its expansion. The Company will continue to invest in the staffing and related resources needed to manage future growth.

Other general, selling and administrative expenses. Other general, selling and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 1999 were \(\$ 3.8\) million, compared to \(\$ 2.6\) million for the six months ended June 30, 1998. As a percentage of revenue, other general, selling and administrative expenses decreased to \(4.5 \%\) in the first half of 1999 from \(4.7 \%\) in the comparable 1998 period. This percentage decline reflects the spreading of other general, selling and administrative expenses over a larger base of revenue.

Acquisition and related expenses. In the six months ended June 30, 1999, the Company incurred \(\$ 1.3\) million of non-recurring acquisition and related expenses in connection with the TVG merger in May of 1999. No such expenses were incurred in the comparable 1998 period. As a percentage of revenue, acquisition and related expenses were \(1.6 \%\) in the first half of 1999 .

Operating income. Operating income for the six months ended June 30, 1999 was \(\$ 7.0\) million compared to operating income of \(\$ 6.0\) million for the six months ended June 30, 1998. As a percentage of revenue, operating income for the first half of 1999 decreased to \(8.2 \%\) from \(11.0 \%\) for the comparable 1998 period. Excluding acquisition and related expenses, operating income for the six months ended June 30, 1999 was \(\$ 8.4\) million or \(9.8 \%\) of revenue.

Other income, net. Other income consists primarily of income earned on the Company's cash and cash equivalents. Other income for the six months ended June 30,1999 was \(\$ 1.6\) million, compared to other income of \(\$ 0.6\) million for the six months ended June 30, 1998. The increase is primarily due to the investment of
the net proceeds of the IPO in May 1998, which have been available for all of 1999.

Income tax provision. Income taxes of \(\$ 3.3\) million for the six months ended June 30, 1999 consisted of PDI's Federal and state corporate income taxes for the full six months ended June 30, 1999 and Federal and state corporate income taxes on the portion of TVG's taxable income arising after termination of its S Corporation status net of a tax benefit related to the recognition of the net deferred tax asset recorded by the Company upon termination of TVG's S Corporation status. TVG was an S Corporation for Federal income tax purposes until its acquisition by PDI on May 12, 1999. Income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 1998 consisted of Federal and state corporate income taxes on the portion of the Company's taxable income arising after the termination of the S Corporation status, a provision for New Jersey state corporate tax of approximately \(2 \%\) on the Corporation's earnings during the period in which it qualified as an S Corporation, and a tax provision related to the recognition of the net deferred tax liability recorded by the Company upon terminating its S Corporation status. The Company expects its effective tax rate to approximate \(40 \%\) in future periods.

Pro forma net income. Pro forma net income for the six months ended June 30 , 1999 was \(\$ 4.6\) million as compared to pro forma net income of \(\$ 4.0\) million for the six months ended June 30, 1998. Pro forma net income for both periods assumes the Company was taxed for Federal and state income tax purposes as a C Corporation. The pro forma effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 1999 is \(46.2 \%\) primarily due to the impact of \(\$ 1.3\) million of non-deductible non-recurring acquisition and related expenses in connection with the TVG acquisition. The Company expects its effective tax rate to approximate \(40 \%\) in future periods.

\section*{LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES}

As of June 30, 1999, the Company had \(\$ 66.7\) million of cash and cash equivalents and no bank indebtedness. As of June 30, 1999, working capital was \(\$ 51.8\) million.

For the six months ended June 30, 1999, cash provided from operating activities was \(\$ 9.3\) million an increase of \(\$ 1.6\) million over cash provided from operating activities of \(\$ 7.7\) for the same period in 1998 . The main component of cash provided from operating activities for the six
months ended June 30, 1999 was net income from operations of \(\$ 5.4\) million. The balances in certain current asset and current liability accounts may fluctuate depending on a number of factors, including the number and size of programs, contract terms and other timing issues. Such fluctuations resulted in \$3.9 million of the remaining cash provided by operating activities; these fluctuations may vary in size and direction each reporting period.

Cash provided by investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 1999 consisted of the sale of short-term investments of \(\$ 1.0\) million which was partially offset by purchases of property and equipment of \(\$ 0.6\) million.

Cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 1999 consisted of \(\$ 280,000\) of distributions to the S Corporation shareholders of TVG offset partially by \(\$ 179,648\) in proceeds from the exercise of common stock options.

The Company believes that its cash and cash equivalents, future cash flows generated from operations, and borrowings available under its line of credit agreement will be sufficient to meet its foreseeable operating and capital requirements. In accordance with the Company's plan for the use of the proceeds from the IPO in May of 1998, the Company will continue to evaluate and review acquisition candidates in the ordinary course of business.

\section*{YEAR 2000 COMPLIANCE}

The Company has undertaken a project that addresses the Year 2000 issue of computer systems and other equipment with embedded chips or processors not being able to properly recognize and process date-sensitive information after December 31, 1999. Many systems use only two digits rather than four to define the year
and these systems will not be able to distinguish between the year 1900 and the year 2000. This may lead to disruptions in the operations of business and governmental entities resulting from miscalculations or system failures. The Company's project to address the year 2000 issue has been divided into two sections. One section addresses the Company's internal business systems. The other section addresses the business systems of the Company's key business partners. Key business partners are those clients and vendors that have a material impact on the Company's operations.

The portion of the project that deals with the internal business systems of the Company has six major phases: (i) inventorying all Y2K items; (ii) prioritizing all Y2K items; (iii) assessing all Y2K items; (iv) repairing or replacing all systems or hardware that are not Y2K compliant; (v) testing repaired or replaced Y 2 K items; and (vi) designing and implementing contingency plans for those systems that cannot be repaired or replaced by January 1, 2000. As of June 30, 1999, substantially all phases related to the internal business systems of the Company were complete.

The section of the project that deals with the business systems of key business partners has three major phases: (i) identifying all key business partners; (ii) evaluating the status of their Y2K compliance efforts; and (iii) determining alternatives and contingency plan requirements. As of June 30, 1999, all key business partners have been identified and the Company has completed the evaluation of their Y2K compliance efforts. The determination of alternatives and contingency planning is expected to be completed during the third quarter.

The Company does not expect to incur any additional material costs relating to its internal business systems as all phases associated with determining Y2K compliance of the internal business systems have been completed. Costs associated with the determination of alternatives and contingency planning, based on the Company's evaluation of Y2K compliance efforts of our key business partners, will not be material.

Failure to make all internal business systems Y2K compliant could result in an interruption in, or a failure of, some of the Company's business activities or operations. In addition, Y2K disruptions in client operations could result, among other things, in one or more clients missing scheduled payments which could impact the Company's cash flow. Y2K disruptions in the operations of key vendors could also impact the Company's ability to fulfill some of its contractual obligations. If one or more of these situations occur, the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows could be materially and adversely affected.

Part II - Other Information
Item 1 - Not Applicable
Item 2 - Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds
On May 19, 1998, the Company completed its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 3,220,000 shares of Common Stock (including 420,000 shares in connection with the exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option) at a price per share of \(\$ 16.00\). Net proceeds to the Company after expenses of the IPO were approximately \(\$ 46.5\) million.
(1) Effective date of Registration Statement: May 19, 1998 (File No. 333-46321).
(2) The Offering commenced on May 19, 1998 and was consummated on May 22, 1998.
(3) Not applicable.
(4)(i) All securities registered in the Offering were sold.
(4)(ii) The managing underwriters of the Offering were Morgan Stanley Dean Witter, William Blair \& Company and Hambrecht \& Quist.
(4)(iii) Common Stock, \(\$ .01\) par value.
(4)(iv) Amount registered and sold: 3,220,000 shares.

Aggregate purchase price: \(\$ 51,520,000\).
All shares were sold for the account of the Issuer.
(4)(v) \(\$ 3,606,400\) in underwriting discounts and commissions were paid to the underwriters. \(\$ 1,375,000\) of other expenses were incurred, including estimated expenses.
(4)(vi) \(\$ 46,538,600\) of net Offering proceeds to the Issuer.

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(4)(vii) Use of Proceeds:
\(\$ 46,538,000\) of temporary investments with maturities of three months or less as of June 30, 1999.

Item 3 - Not Applicable
Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
On June 2, 1999 the Company held its 1999 annual meeting of stockholders. The sole item of business on the agenda for the meeting was the re-election of Jan Martens Vecsi as a Class III Director of the Company for a three-year term. Ms. Vecsi was re-elected with \(10,435,944\) votes cast in favor and 28,500 votes withheld. With the re-election of Ms. Vecsi at the Annual Meeting, the Board of Directors of the Company continues to be comprised of John P. Dugan, Charles T. Saldarini, Gerald J. Mossinghoff, John M. Pietruski and Jan Martens Vecsi.

Item 5 - Not Applicable
Item 6 - Reports on Form 8-K
A report on Form 8-K dated May 12, 1999 was filed by the Company pursuant to Item 2 thereof with respect to the acquisition of TVG, Inc.

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\section*{SIGNATURES}

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized.

August 12, 1999
PROFESSIONAL DETAILING, INC.

> By: /s/ Charles T. Saldarini

Charles T. Saldarini, President and Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Bernard C. Boyle
Bernard C. Boyle
Chief Financial and Accounting
Officer
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